# Solidaridad

# SOLIDARIDAD NETWORK FOUNDATION LIMITED

**COMPANY REGISTRATION NO. 120150131541** 

**ZAMBIA OFFICE** 

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31 DECEMBER 2023



Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2023

# **General Information**

**Country of** 

incorporation and

domicile

Zambia

and principal

activities

Nature of business The Company is engaged in promoting production with respect for people and planet, and reliable trade relations that give producers a fair deal in developing countries within the Southern African region.

**Directors** 

The following directors held office for the year under review:

Name

R Wanyoike W P Matthews S Garakara

Company secretary S Garakara

Legal form

Non Profit Company

Registration

Company registration

120150131541

Registered office

and business

address

163 Kudu Road

Lusaka

Kabulonga

Website address

solidaridadnetwork.org

**Principal Bankers** 

Stanbic Bank

Preparer

The annual financial statements were internally prepared by S Manda.

Level of assurance

These annual financial statements have been audited independently in

compliance with the applicable requirements of the Articles of Association of the

Company.

Reporting and

operating currency

The Zambian Kwacha.

# INDEX TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

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### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES AND APPROVAL**

### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

The directors are required, by the Companies Act (Chapter 388 of the Laws of Zambia), to maintain adequate accounting records and are responsible for the content and integrity of the financial statements and related financial information included in this report. It is their responsibility to ensure that the financial statements fairly present the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial period and the results of its operations and cash flows for the period then ended, in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-sized Entities. The external auditors are engaged to express an independent opinion on the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-sized Entities and are based upon appropriate accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

The directors acknowledge that they are ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial controls established by the company and place considerable importance on maintaining a strong control environment. To enable the directors to meet these responsibilities, the board of directors sets out standards for internal control aimed at reducing the risk of error or loss in a cost - effective manner. The standards include the proper delegation of responsibilities within a clearly defined framework, effective accounting procedures and adequate segregation of duties to ensure an acceptable level of risk. These controls are monitored throughout the company and employees are required to maintain the highest ethical standards in ensuring the company's business is conducted in a manner that in all reasonable circumstances is above reproach. The focus of risk management in the company is on identifying, assessing, managing and monitoring all known forms of risk across the company. While operating risk cannot be fully eliminated, the company endeavours to minimise it by ensuring that appropriate infrastructure, controls, systems and ethical behaviour are applied and managed within predetermined procedures and constraints.

The directors are of the opinion, based on the information and explanations given by management, that the system of internal controls provides reasonable assurance that the financial records may be relied on for the presentation of the financial statements. However, any system of internal financial control can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The directors have reviewed the company's cash flow forecast for the years to 31<sup>st</sup> December 2025 and, in the light of this review and the current financial position, they are satisfied that the company has access to adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

Although the board of directors is primarily responsible for the financial affairs of the company, it is supported by the company's external auditors.

The external auditors are responsible for independently auditing and reporting on the company's financial statements. The financial statements have been examined by the company's external auditors and their report is presented on pages 2 to 4.

The annual financial statements set out on pages 5 to 19, which have been prepared on the going concern basis, were approved by the board of directors on the 11<sup>th</sup> December 2024 and signed on its behalf by:

Shungu Kanyemba	
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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE DIRECTORS

SOLIDARIDAD NETWORK FOUNDATION LIMITED COMPANY REGISTRATION NO. 120150131541

**ZAMBIA OFFICE** 

# **Unqualified Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Solidaridad Network Foundation Limited, set out on pages 6 to 19, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in reserves and statement of cash flows for the financial year then ended, and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements fairly present, in all material respects, the financial position of Solidaridad Network Foundation Limited, as at 31 December 2023, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with its accounting policies and International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium - sized Entities.

## **Basis for Unqualified Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Independent Regulatory Board for Auditors Code of Professional Conduct for Registered Auditors (IRBA Code), together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in South Africa. We have fulfilled our other ethical requirements in accordance with these requirements and the IRBA Code. The IRBA Code is consistent with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (Part A and B). We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Other Information

The Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Report of the Directors set out on page 5.

The other information does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

DC Douglas BCom CA(SA) RA (IRBA: 605581). Consultant: MFV Bhengu IIA ACFE CA(SA) RA (IRBA: 507361).

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged With Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with their accounting policies and the International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium - sized Entities, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management
- conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion.
  Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation
- obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the business activities
  within the company to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction,
  supervision and performance of the company's audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit. We also communicate with those charged with governance regarding all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be brought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Rev Vincent Bhengu CA (SA), RA (IRBA 507361)

Douglas & Velcich (IRBA 926930)

**Chartered Accountants (S.A.)** 

Johannesburg 18 December 2024

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

The directors present their report, together with the annual financial statements of the company for the financial vear ended 31 December 2023.

### General

Prior to 2018, the Company was operating as a regional office which was consolidated into the accounting records of the Solidaridad Network SA Trust registered in South Africa.

At the beginning of 2018, it was decided by the Solidaridad Network SA Trust to reflect the Zambian Company separately from the South African Trust.

The Company was formally registered on the 17th April 2015.

The Company is engaged in facilitation and promotion of socio-economic development in agri-business and related services.

The operating results and state of affairs of the Company are fully set out in the attached annual financial statements.

### Equipment

During the year under review, the Company purchased equipment with a total cost of ZMW 88,350 (2022:ZMW 136,702).

### Events after the reporting period

There were no material facts or circumstances which have occurred in the Company's operations between the financial position date and the date of this report.

# Litigation

The Company is not currently involved in any claims or lawsuits, which individually or in aggregate, are expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company or its assets.

## Going concern

The directors believe that the Company has adequate financial resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future and accordingly the annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The directors have satisfied themselves that the Company is in a sound financial position and that it has capacity to raise additional funding to meet its foreseeable cash requirements. The directors are not aware of any new material developments that may adversely impact the Company. The directors are also not aware of any material non-compliance with statutory or regulatory requirements or of any pending changes to legislation which may affect the Company.

### **Directors**

The directors of the company are:

R Wanyoike W P Matthews S Garakara

### **Auditors**

Douglas & Velcich were retained as auditors for the year under review.

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Note	2023 ZMW	2022 ZMW
ASSETS		23 755 629	4 198 121
Non current assets		419 968	597 645
Equipment	3	419 968	597 645
Current assets		23 335 661	3 600 476
Accounts receivable Accrued income Cash and cash equivalents	4 5 6	162 167 288 365 22 885 129	2 544 834 288 365 767 277
Total assets		23 755 629	4 198 121
RESERVES AND LIABILITIES		23 755 629	4 198 121
Reserves		10 802 894	2 687 765
General fund Equipment fund Motor vehicle replacement fund Forex Revaluation Reserve		4 110 668 419 968 1 608 302 4 663 957	603 980 597 645 1 368 120 118 020
Current liabilities		12 952 735	1 510 356
Accounts payable Deferred income Managed funds - Kvuno Services Limited	7 8 9	2 586 285 10 366 450 -	1 510 356
Total reserves and liabilities		23 755 629	4 198 121

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Note	2023 ZMW	Restated 2022 ZMW
INCOME		22 528 954	17 192 106
Transfers from Solidaridad Network - South Africa	ſ	15 948 969	15 490 625
Expenses paid from/(for) Other Solidaridad Entities		(482 405)	494 465
Grants received	10	6 179 154	461 077
Foreign exchange gains	1	801 475	375 540
Income from companies and other organisations		81 761	320 399
Proceeds on disposal of equipment	L	e,	50 000
EXPENDITURE		18 959 761	16 697 151
Audit fees		72 561	56 064
Bank charges		74 693	52 019
Communication costs		26 383	33 992
Conference attendance		14 267	4 200
Consulting fees		4 000	91 247
Depreciation of fixed assets		266 027	377 856
Insurance		42 795	38 979
IT support		12 931	13 720
Legal fees		36 394	31 945
Motor vehicle expenses		239 989	280 424
Office expenses		69 132	185 708
Printing, postage and stationery		33 210	8 579
Programme costs	11	9 796 738	8 078 718
Rent, water and electricity		490 675	445 522
Repairs and maintenance		30 123	38 495
Salaries and contributions		7 590 520	6 723 875
Travel and accommodation	Į	159 326	235 808
NET SURPLUS		3 569 193	494 955
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSSES)/INCOME		(62 505)	43 077
Items that will not be reclassified as surplus or (def	icit)	(62 505)	43 077
Transfer to Equipment fund - assets purchased		(88 350)	(136 702)
Transfer to Equipment Fund - depreciation		266 027	377 856
Transfer to Forex Revaluation Reserve		~	(118 020)
Transfer of motor vehicle expenses to MVR Fund		239 989	280 424
Transfer to the Motor Vehicle Replacement Fund	Į	(480 171)	(360 481)
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		3 506 688	538 032

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN RESERVES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

			Motor	Forex	
	General fund ZMW	Equipment fund ZMW	Venicle Replacement fund ZMW	revaluation reserve fund ZMW	Total ZMW
Balance at 31 December 2021	65 948	893 506	1 288 064	348	2 247 518
Funds earned and allocated during 2022	538 032	(295 862)	80 026	118 020	440 247
Surplus for the year Book value of equipment disposed of Transfer to Forex Revaluation Reserve Transfer to equipment fund - funded assets Transfer to equipment fund - depreciation Transfer of costs to MVR Fund Transfer to Motor Vehicle Replacement fund	494 955 - (118 020) (136 702) 377 856 280 424 (360 481)	(54 708) 136 702 (377 856)	(280 424) 360 481	118 020	494 955 (54 708)
Balance at 31 December 2022	603 980	597 645	1 368 120	118 020	2 687 765
Funds earned and allocated during 2023	3 506 688	(177 677)	240 182	1	3 569 193
Surplus for the year Transfer to equipment fund - funded assets Transfer to equipment fund - depreciation Transfer of costs to MVR Fund Transfer to Motor Vehicle Replacement fund	3 569 193 (88 350) 266 027 239 989 (480 171)	88 350 (266 027)	(239 989) 480 171	k 30 1 30 1	3 569 193
Unrealised currency fluctuation		•	•	4 545 937	4 545 937
Balance at 31 December 2023	4 110 668	419 968	1 608 302	4 663 957	10 802 895

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

			Restated
		2023	2022
	Note	R	R
Cash received from Solidaridad Network		18 879 582	14 393 467
Cash received from funders and other sources		16 627 365	633 450
Cash expended on programmes, suppliers and employees		(17 846 681)	(16 227 296)
Cash generated from/(utilised in) operations	14	17 660 265	(1 200 380)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	٠	17 660 265	(1 200 380)
Cash flows (utilised in) investing activities		(88 350)	(86 702)
Acquisition of equipment	3	(88 350)	(136 702)
Proceeds from disposal of assets	ļ	-	50 000
Cash flows (utilised in) financing activities		::=	i <del>e</del> s
Effect of exchange rate changes on foreign bank account		4 545 937	118 020
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	ä	22 117 852	(1 169 062)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		767 277	1 936 339
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	6	22 885 129	767 277

# NOTES TO ANNUAL THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis and in compliance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized entities (IFRS for SMEs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. They are presented in Zambian Kwacha. The measurement basis used is the historical costs basis, except where otherwise stated in the accounting policies below.

# 1.1 Accounting convention

The company is registered under the Companies Act of Zambia, as a company limited by guarantee and as such no part of its income or property shall be transferred to members, directly or indirectly. All reserves of the company are consequently non-distributable.

# 1.2 Equipment - tangible assets

The cost of a tangible asset is recognised as an asset of the company when:

- it is probable that future economic benefits, associated with the item will flow to the company; and
- the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Costs include costs incurred initially to acquire or construct an item of tangible assets and costs incurred subsequently to add to, replace part of, or service it. If a replacement cost is recognised in the carrying amount of an item of tangible assets, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

Tangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation (thus equalling net book value) less any impairment losses.

An impairment loss is the amount by which the net book value of an asset exceeds the present value of the probable future economic benefits associated with that asset.

As most income is from funders who require that assets be expensed in the year of purchase, it is policy to write off the cost of all asset purchased as an allocation of income in the year that the assets are acquired. In order to remain compliant with IFRS for SMEs, while accounts for the assets, reflecting their respective costs, accumulated depreciation and provision for any amortisation, are created in the General Ledger, corresponding entries are made to an Equipment Fund reserve account. The balance of the Equipment Fund and the net book value of the assets, per the General Ledger and financial statements are therefore equal.

# NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023 (Continued)

# 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# 1.2 Equipment (Continued)

Depreciation is provided on all tangible assets other than freehold land, to write down the cost, less residual value, by equal instalments over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Item	Estimated useful life
Computer equipment	3 years
Computer software	2 years
Motor vehicles	5 years
Office equipment	5 years
Office furniture	6 years

As the cost of assets purchased are charged against the company's income, as an allocation of the cost to the Equipment Fund (see above) it would be incorrect to show the ongoing depreciation of these assets as an additional annual cost. The depreciation charge for each period is therefore initially shown in the income statement and subsequently reversed as an allocation to the the Equipment Fund.

When an asset is sold or otherwise derecognised, its carrying value, as represented by its net book value plus any provision for amortisation, is removed by corresponding entries in the general ledger to the accounts for the asset's cost, relevant provisions and the Equipment Fund.

As the cost of assets purchased are allocated to an Equipment Fund and charged against the company's income, any proceeds on disposal of assets are shown as Trust income and the concept of profit or loss on the disposal of assets does not form part of the financial statements.

### 1.3 Financial instruments

### Measurement

Financial instruments are initially measured at cost, which includes transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these instruments are measured as set out below:

### Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable and accrued income are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses.

# Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are measured at fair value.

# **Accounts payable**

Accounts payable which are short - term obligations, are stated at their nominal value.

# NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023 (Continued)

# 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# 1.4 Impairment

The carrying amount of assets are reviewed at financial position date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If there is such indication, the assets are written down to to the estimated recoverable amounts. The recoverable amount is the higher of the net selling price and the value in use.

# 1.5 Equipment fund

As noted in 1.2 above, the cost of assets acquired are charged to income when acquired. The mechanism whereby this fund is maintained at a value equal to the carrying value of such assets in the statement of financial position is that an amount equal to the cost of equipment acquired be charged against operating income each year and credited to the equipment fund.

Depreciation and any impairment losses are adjusted annually against the fund.

# 1.6 Motor vehicle replacement reserve fund

A motor vehicle replacement reserve fund has been created to recover the vehicle costs incurred on projects over the useful life of the motor vehicle. The vehicle usage is allocated to projects, based on the kilometres travelled at a recovery rate of Euro 50 cents per kilometre. The kilometre charge rate is determined as a cost to the projects to recover all running and fixed costs of the vehicle, calculated over a five year period. The recovery amount is allocated to the vehicle replacement reserve fund to fund the replacement of the vehicle at the end of five years,

### 1.7 Forex Revaluation Reserve

A Revaluation Reserve has been created to account for year-end fluctuations in accounts transacted in foreign currencies but shown in Zambian Kwacha in the Statement of Financial Position, using the spot rate of exchange ruling at the year-end date. The balance in the Forex Revaluation Reserve comprises the balancing amount necessary to correct reflect the balances of the Euro bank account, and the motor vehicle replacement reserve fund, in Kwacha at year-end.

### 1.8 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

# 1.9 Income recognition

Income from grants is brought to account in the programme period to which it relates. All other income is brought to account as and when received.

## 1.9 Expenditure recognition

Expenditure is accounted for on the accrual basis.

# NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023 (Continued)

# 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# 1.10 Project accounting and expense allocation

In terms of its contractual obligations to donors, the company's policy is to allocate project expenses that are clearly identifiable as such, directly against project funds. Indirect and shared costs are apportioned on the basis of management estimates.

Accrued and deferred grant income is based on the balance of each project or donor fund after taking into account the direct, indirect and shared costs as described above. The unexpended surplus of the project fund is deferred to the following year or the deficit is accrued in the year under review.

# 1.11 Employee benefits

# Short-term employee benefits

The cost of short-term employee benefits, (those payable within 12 months after the service is rendered, such as paid vacation leave and sick leave, bonuses, and non-monetary benefits such as medical care), are recognised in the period in which the service is rendered and are not discounted.

The expected cost of compensated absences is recognised as an expense as the employee renders service that increases their entitlement or, in the case of non-accumulating absences, when the absence occurs.

The expected cost of bonus payments is recognised as an expense when there is a legal or constructive obligation to make such payments as a result of past performance.

### 2.1 Financial risk factors

The company's activities could expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The company's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the company's financial performance.

Risk management is carried out by the directors, who evaluate financial risks.

# (a) Market risk

The company is exposed to currency risk to the extent that all transfers are received by the company in foreign currency and the company also maintain a foreign currency bank account designated in Euros.

# (b) Credit risk

The company's credit risk is attributable to accounts receivable and liquid funds. The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counter party is a bank with credit rating assigned by international credit-rating agencies. The company has no significant concentration of credit risk.

### (c) Liquidity risk

Using cash flow forecasting, management maintains adequate levels of cash to fund ongoing obligations.

# NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023 (Continued)

3. EQUIPMENT	Computer equipment ZMW	Motor vehicles ZMW	Office equipment ZMW	Office furniture ZMW	Total ZMW
31 December 2023					
Net book value at 1/1/2023	151 972	177 992	206 707	60 973	597 645
Cost	444 048	783 447	332 521	223 805	1 783 822
Accumulated depreciation	(292 076)	(605 455)	(125 815)	(162 832)	(1 186 177)
Additions for the year	83 550	134	4 800	a a	88 350
Depreciation for the year	(89 268)	(86 213)	(62 063)	(28 482)	(266 027)
Net book value at 31/12/2023	146 254	91 780	149 444	32 491	419 968
Cost	527 598	783 447	337 321	223 805	1 872 172
Accumulated depreciation	(381 345)	(691 667)	(187 878)	(191 314)	(1 452 204)
31 December 2022					
Net book value at 1/1/2022	194 400	423 056	186 325	89 726	893 506
Cost	395 426	1 035 947	251 721	216 525	1 899 620
Accumulated depreciation	(201 027)	(612 890)	(65 397)	(126 799)	(1 006 113)
Additions for the year	48 622	30	80 800	7 280	136 702
Disposal of assets	Ĭ.	(54 708)	90	•	(54 708)
Cost	r	(252 500)	*	I.	(252 500)
Accumulated depreciation	•	197 792	-	5 <b>4</b> 11	197 792
Depreciation for the year	(91 049)	(190 356)	(60 418)	(36 033)	(377 856)
Net book value at 31/12/2022	151 972	177 992	206 707	60 973	597 645
Cost	444 048	783 447	332 521	223 805	1 783 822
Accumulated depreciation	(292 076)	(605 455)	(125 815)	(162 832)	(1 186 177)

# NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023 (Continued)

IHI	E YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023 (Continued)	2023 ZMW	2022 ZMW
4.	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE		
	Accounts Receivable Advances to employees	2 090 124 223	36 970 42 619
	Solidaridad - South Africa receivable Sundry receivables	35 854	2 129 138 336 108
		<u>162 167</u> =	2 544 834
5.	ACCRUED INCOME		
	UNDP WWF Zambia	185 350 103 015	185 350 103 015
		288 365	288 365
6.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	Standard Bank - Zambia (Euros) Standard Bank - Zambia (ZMW)	19 662 513 3 180 630	146 739 576 351
	Standard Bank - Zambia (ZMW) - UNDP	22 885 129	44 187 <b>767 277</b>
7.	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		
	Accruals Payroll liabilities	2 117 824 468 461	1 531 997 (21 641)
		2 586 285	1 510 356
8.	DEFERRED INCOME		
	ABSA Livestock for Sustainable Leather Future Water (Zambia)	220 635 63 624	2
	Hooves for Sustainability (H4S) - Helmsley Schmitz Stiftungen Sustainable Poultry Zambia	9 544 055 538 136	*:
	Committee Culturing on Oustain lable 1 Outling Zambia	10 366 450	*

# NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023 (Continued)

	2023 ZMW	2022 ZMW
9. FUNDS MANAGED - KVUNO SERVICES LIMITED		
Funds recognised during the year	2 519 110	~
Transfers from Solidaridad South Africa	2 519 110	-
Funds spent during the year	(2 519 110)	*
Equipment rental	(2 000)	-
Office costs (allocated to projects)	(99 866)	-
Office supplies	(42 750)	-
Other employee expenses	(64 290)	-
Partners and consultants - other	(260 763)	-
Program materials and inputs	(1 294 317)	-
Publication expenses	(47 992)	-
Telephone expenses	(23 127)	-
Travel and accommodation	(627 761)	-
Workshops, conferences and training	(56 242)	-
Net funds spent		

Solidaridad - Network established Kvuno Services Limited (Private Company Limited by Shares) as a separate trading entity within Zambia that would be used to facilitate trading and support for the various Zambian farmers that had been previously supported through funded programmes under Solidaridad Network Foundation Limited, so that future sustainability of the farmers could be secured.

### 10. GRANTS RECEIVED

ABSA Livestock for Sustainable Leather	-	
Received	220 635	-
Deferred to 2024	(220 635)	9
Future Water (Zambia)	*	54
Received	63 624	(=)
Deferred to 2024	(63 624)	: <del>=</del> :
Hooves for Sustainability (H4S) - Helmsley	5 858 335	Œ
Received	15 402 390	ia.
Deferred to 2024	(9 544 055)	-
Schmitz Stiftungen Sustainable Poultry Zambia	320 819	-
Received	858 955	(22)
Deferred to 2024	(538 136)	
Balance carried forward	6 179 154	

# NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023 (Continued)

10. GRANTS RECEIVED (Continued)	2023 ZMW	2022 ZMW
Balance brought forward	6 179 154	
UNDP	<b>98</b> 00	
Accrued in 2021	-	(185 350)
Accrued in 2022	(185 350)	185 350
Accrued in 2023	185 350	
WWF Zambia	\$ <b>\$</b>	
Accrued in 2021	3	(103 015)
Accrued in 2022	(103 015)	103 015
Accrued in 2023	103 015	·
WWF Zambia		461 077
Received	=	313 051
Deferred to 2022	=:	148 027
	6 179 154	461 077
11. PROJECT COSTS		
Baselines and evaluations	76 589	165 192
Business registration fees	20	220
Equipment rental	2	6 850
Internship/volunteers/national service	- H	296 920
Office costs (allocated to projects)	109 108	118 381
Office supplies	48 367	39 500
Other employee expenses	93 975	10 282
Partners and consultants - other	2 855 641	1 673 553
Program materials and inputs	1 785 733	1 719 084
Publication expenses	414 117	219 040
Telephone expenses	33 579	42 486
Travel and accommodation	3 942 918	3 553 876
Workshops, conferences and training	436 710	233 335
	9 796 738	8 078 718

# 12. TAXATION

No provision has been made for taxation as the company is in the process of applying for tax exemption status as a Public Benefit Organisation with the Minister of Finance and National Planning and as the directors believe that they are involved in one or more Public benefit activities as set out in the Tenth Schedule of the Income Tax Act of Zambia.

# NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023 (Continued)

13. COMMITMENTS	2023 ZMW	Restated 2022 ZMW
13. COMMITMENTS		
The company has the following commitment in respect of rental agreement covering office premises as follows:		
Operating lease - premises		
Payable within one year Payable thereafter	570 000	477 000
	570 000	477 000
14. CASH GENERATED FROM/(UTILISED IN) OPERATIONS  Surplus for the year	3 569 193	494 955
Adjustments for :		
Depreciation	266 027	377 856
Proceeds on disposal of assets	₩	(50 000)
Deferred income	10 366 450	(148 027)
Transfer to Forex Revaluation Reserve	*	(118 020)
Changes in working capital		
Accounts receivable	2 382 667	(1 194 370)
Accounts payable	1 075 929	(562 774)
	17 660 265	(1 200 380)

### 15. RELATED PARTIES

The Company is part of the Solidaridad Southern African Region, which, in turn, is part an international network of Solidaridad organisations. The Southern African Region comprises Solidaridad non-profit companies and institutions that operate in Malawi, Mozambique, South Africa, Zambia and Zimbabwe.

The members of the Southern African Region cooperate in determining common standards of good governance, operations and reporting, planning, fund raising, budgeting and the implementation of programmes.

The international Solidaridad Network provides strategic, programmatic, internal quality control and communications support through a structure that incorporates an International Supervisory Board, an Executive Board of Directors and five Continental Supervisory Boards, facilitated by the services of the Solidaridad Network Secretariat.

The international Solidaridad Network is paid a 2% subscription on funds generated at a regional basis.

Funds received and paid from/to the different Solidaridad entities are fully disclosed in the financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023 (Continued)

111	E TEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023 (Continued)	2023	2022
		ZMW	ZMW
15.	RELATED PARTIES (Continued)		
	Transfers received from other regional offices		
	Solidaridad Network - South Africa	20 597 218	13 361 487
	Solidaridad Network - South Africa (Accrued in 2022)	(2 129 138)	2 129 138
	Less: Transfers attributable to Kvuno Services Limited	(2 519 110)	털/
		15 948 970	15 490 625
	Expenses paid on behalf from/(for) other regional offices		
	Solidaridad Network - South Africa	(434 455)	494 465
	Solidaridad Network - Malawi	(14 950)	<b>₩</b> 0
	Solidaridad Network - Mozambique	(33 000)	<u>=</u> e
		(482 405)	494 465
	Receivable due from other regional offices		
	Solidaridad Network - South Africa (refer to note 4)		2 129 138
	Funds managed - Kvuno Services Limited		
	Fund recognised during the year	2 519 110	<b>a</b>
	Funds spent during the year	(2 519 110)	<b>39</b> )
		:#:	; <del>=</del> 6.

For further details on the funds managed refer to note 9.

# **16. GOING CONCERN**

The existence of the Company is dependent on the continued support of Solidaridad Network, by way of transfers and other grant income. Should these be withdrawn it is highly unlikely that the Company will be able to continue as a going concern. The Solidaridad Network has agreed to continue supporting the Company in 2025.

## 17. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

The comparative figures have been restated to facilitate improved disclosure.